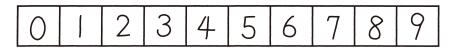
英 語

90 分

注意事項

- 1. 試験開始の合図までこの冊子を開かないこと。
- 2. 本問題冊子は14ページ, 答案用紙は2ページである。
- 3. 各答案用紙の上の枠内には, 受験番号を記入し, その右側の枠内には, 受験番号の下2桁の数字を忘れずに記入すること。
- 4. 解答はすべて各答案用紙の所定欄に明瞭に記入すること。
- 5. 問題冊子および答案用紙は切りはなさないこと。
- 6. 答案用紙に記入する受験番号の数字の字体は、下記の例にならい、明瞭に記入 すること。



本文は,6ページまで続きます

— 1 —

[Adapted from David Adger, Language Unlimited: The Science Behind Our Most Creative Power. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2019: 35-41.]

- *1 cced 同報(cc)の宛先に入れて送った
- *2 butler 執事
- *³ gargoyle ゴシック建築の屋根等によくみられる, 怪物の形をした雨水の落 とし口
- *⁴ lubricate 円滑にする
- *⁵ à la Shannon シャノン流に
- I-1. 下線部(1) 'the actual act of communication' において, 誰が何をして, それ ぞれ何を伝えるのか。70 字以内の日本語で説明せよ。(句読点も文字数に含め る。)
- I-2. 下線部(2)を日本語に訳せ。

- I-3. 下線部(3)を英語に訳せ。
- I-4. 下線部(4)を日本語に訳せ。
- I-5. (ア) から (オ) のそれぞれに入れるのにもっとも適切な文をAか らEの中から選び,記号で答えよ。
 - A. Can we do better than just trying to analyse the concept?
 - B. It's the engine of our imaginations.
 - C. Language doesn't need to be involved at all.
 - D. The function of that writing is not to communicate.
 - E. Use isn't essence.
- I-6. 以下の①と②の答としてもっとも適切なものをAからEの中から選び, 記号 で答えよ。
 - ① Which of the following is one of the objections to Shannon's theory made by the author?
 - A. that messages can get distorted or obstructed on their way to the receiver
 - B. that senders may create and share concepts that may never have occurred to recipients
 - C. that some people communicate primarily through facial expressions that are more likely to be misunderstood than words
 - D. that there are many functions for language that can be classified by the frequency of their use
 - E. that under the influence of alcohol, senders and receivers of messages are likely to miscommunicate

- ② Which is a use of language NOT mentioned in the text?
 - A. to make sense, on our own, of things that occurred in the past
 - B. to pass information along from one person to another
 - C. to reflect on what other people may be experiencing inside themselves
 - D. to support our cognitive processes even without an audience
 - E. to understand another culture by learning its language
- I-7. 以下の1から10の文の中から本文の内容に一致するものを3つ選び,番号 で答えよ。
 - 1. Cultural activities such as painting, music, and dance are communicative to the extent that they can be interpreted through language.
 - 2. The author categorizes emojis as elements of language that indicate degrees of consensus.
 - 3. The author discusses radio transmission and receipt to illustrate the notion of unconscious communication.
 - 4. In the example of the candles, the author suggests that verbal exchanges may have happened prior to nonverbal communication.
 - 5. The author illustrates a situation where communication can be complete even if the content of a message is not true.
 - 6. A variety of interpretations will be generated whenever an act of communication is successful.
 - 7. Some applications of alcohol include facilitating social situations, sanitizing medical devices, and soothing emotional pain.
 - 8. For writers, the ultimate goal of writing is not to explore their own internal life, but to convey information to others.
 - 9. Giving examples of a candle, a gargoyle, and a cat, the author demonstrates that human language is fundamentally symbolic.
 - 10. Chimpanzees and cats communicate among those of their species in ways that humans fail to recognize as language.

— 8 —

Ⅱ 次の英文を読んで、以下の設問に答えよ。(65 点)

著作権処理の関係上,公開しておりません

本文は,13ページまで続きます

[Adapted from Marcus du Sautoy, *The Creativity Code: How AI Is Learning to Write, Paint and Think.* London: 4th Estate, 2019: 155–159.]

- *1 decimal 小数の, 十進法の
- *² G. H. Hardy イギリスの数学者(1877-1947)
- *³ Richter ドイツの画家(1932-)
- *4 Lascaux ラスコー(フランス南西部の地名)
- *5 the Pleiades すばる、プレイアデス星団
- *6 stag 雄鹿
- *⁷ rutting 発情している
- *⁸ cuneiform tablets 楔形文字を刻んだ書字板
- Ⅱ-1. 下線部(1)を日本語に訳せ。
- II-2. 下線部(2)で,壁画に描かれている「点」(dots)を'some of the earliest recorded mathematics'だと著者が考えるのはなぜか。本文の内容に沿って, 80字以内の日本語で説明せよ。(句読点も文字数に含める。)
- Ⅱ-3. 下線部(3)を英語に訳せ。There で始めること。
- Ⅱ-4. 下線部(4)を日本語に訳せ。

- Ⅱ-5. 空欄 (a) と (b) には数字が入る。それぞれの空欄に入れるのに
 ふさわしい算用数字を答えよ。
- Ⅱ-6.以下の1から9の文の中から本文の内容に一致するものを2つ選び,番号で 答えよ。
 - 1. G. H. Hardy was slow in calculation, but excelled in finding universal patterns to explain mathematics to ordinary people.
 - 2. Those who do not have mathematical brains tend to see patterns where there are none.
 - 3. In some of the cave paintings found in Lascaux, you can find the very moment when aurochs were hunted by huntsmen in the coldest season of the year.
 - 4. Chicks have a natural ability to distinguish among certain smaller and larger numbers, which, the text implies, plays a role in their survival.
 - 5. In ancient Mayan communities, prisoners were required to count down the days till their release on the wall of the jail.
 - The Mayan system of writing down numbers was superior to that of the Romans when it came to handling big numbers.
 - 7. Ancient Babylonian cuneiform tablets demonstrate that mathematics was used for the purpose of education.
 - 8. The word 'algorithm' comes from Al-Khwarizmi, who discovered a method to find the product of two numbers, using tablets with square numbers.
 - 9. The primary purpose of this passage is to persuade the reader that mathematics is the key to success in life.